

Revision Date 15/05/2015  
Revision 9  
Supersedes date 29/10/2014

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SAS ATTACK (GLU6, GLU20S, SAS20, SAS6, SAS20S)

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#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

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##### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name SAS ATTACK (GLU6, GLU20S, SAS20, SAS6, SAS20S)  
Product No. 000103050061

##### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Workshop Supplies  
High Street  
Newton on Trent  
Lincoln  
LN1 2JS  
+44 (0) 1777 228778  
enquiries@workshopsupplies.co.uk

##### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

National Emergency Telephone Number  
Hazchem line: 0044 (0) 7970 779978

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#### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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##### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222  
Human health EUH066;STOT SE 3 - H336 Environment Not  
classified.

Classification (1999/45/EEC) F+;R12. R66, R67.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

##### 2.2. Label elements

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary Statements	P102	Keep out of reach of children.
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P280	Wear protective gloves.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

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### Supplementary Precautionary Statements

P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P304+340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P403+233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P410+412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

### Supplemental label information

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
SOL109	Contains: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%).

### 2.3. Other hazards

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2. Mixtures

BUTANE	5-10%
CAS-No.: 106-97-8	EC No.: 203-448-7
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220	Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12
ISOBUTANE	1-5%
CAS-No.: 75-28-5	EC No.: 200-857-2
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220	Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY	30-60%
CAS-No.: 64742-48-9	EC No.: 919-857-5
	Registration Number: 01-2119463258-33-xxxx
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 EUH066 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65. R10,R66,R67.
PROPANE	10-30%
CAS-No.: 74-98-6	EC No.: 200-827-9
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220	Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

# SAS ATTACK (GLU6, GLU20S, SAS20, SAS6, SAS20S)

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### General information

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

### Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

### Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Skin contact

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

### Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Extinguishing media

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs	STEL - 15 Min	Notes
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BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	750 ppm	1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ISOBUTANE	WEL	800 ppm		800 ppm		
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY			1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
PROPANE		Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Engineering measures

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge. Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

Eye protection

Wear approved chemical safety goggles where eye exposure is reasonably probable.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Light (or pale).
Odour	Characteristic.
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Flammability Limit - Lower(%)	3.0
Flammability Limit - Upper(%)	18.6

### 9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

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### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

#### Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

#### Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.

#### Eye contact

Irritating to eyes.

#### Route of entry

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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#### Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

### 12.1. Toxicity

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

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## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

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## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950
UN No. (ICAO)	1950

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name                      AEROSOLS

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class	2.1
ADR/RID/ADN Class	Class 2: Gases

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ADR Label No. 2.1  
IMDG Class 2.1  
ICAO Class/Division 2.1  
Transport Labels



### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant  
No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-D, S-U  
Tunnel Restriction Code (D)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

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### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.  
The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

Statutory Instruments

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.  
The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

Approved Code Of Practice

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

Guidance Notes

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

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Revision Date 15/05/2015

Revision 9

Supersedes date 29/10/2014

Risk Phrases In Full

R12 Extremely flammable.

R10 Flammable.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard Statements In Full

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

## SAS ATTACK (GLU6, GLU20S, SAS20, SAS6, SAS20S)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.