Revision Date 15/05/2015

Revision 4

Supersedes date 13/09/2012

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SAS15 COCKPIT SPRAY 500ML

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

# 1.1. Product identifier

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Product name | SAS15 COCKPIT SPRAY 500ML |
| Product No. | 000103079549 |

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses As product description

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Workshop Supplies

High Street

Newton on Trent

Lincoln

LN1 2JS

+44 (0) 1777 228778

enquiries@workshopsupplies.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

National Emergency Telephone Number Hazchem line: 0044 (0) 7970 779978

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222

Human health Skin Irrit. 2 - H315;STOT SE 3 - H336

Environment Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Classification (1999/45/EEC) Xi;R38. F+;R12. N;R51/53. R67.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Signal Word Hazard Statements | Danger |  |
|  | H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. |
|  | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
|  | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Precautionary Statements | H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|  | P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
|  | P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
|  | P261 | Avoid breathing vapour/spray. |
|  | P280 | Wear protective gloves. |
|  | P305+351+338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
|  | P337+313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
|  | P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. |

Supplementary Precautionary Statements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. |
| P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| P251 | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| P264 | Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. |
| P302+352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| P304+340 | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| P332+313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P403+233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P410+412  Supplemental label information | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.  Contains: |
| SOL012 | Propan-2-ol |
| SOL021 | Hydrocarbons, C6 - C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane |

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| BUTANE |  |  | 10-30% | |  |
| CAS-No.: 106-97-8 | EC No.: 203-448-7 |  |  | |  |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)  Flam. Gas 1 - H220 |  | Classification (67/548/EEC)  F+;R12 |  | | |
| ISOBUTANE |  |  | 5-10% | |  |
| CAS-No.: 75-28-5 | EC No.: 200-857-2 |  |  | |  |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)  Flam. Gas 1 - H220 |  | Classification (67/548/EEC)  F+;R12 |  | | |
| NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) , HYDROTREATED LIGHT | | 30-60% | | |  |
| CAS-No.: 64742-49-0 EC No.: 921-024-6 | | Registration Number: 01-2119475514-35-xxxx | | |  |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)  Flam. Liq. 2 - H225  Skin Irrit. 2 - H315  STOT SE 3 - H336  Asp. Tox. 1 - H304  Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 | | Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65.  Xi;R38.  F;R11.  N;R51/53.  R67. | | | |
| PROPAN-2-OL |  |  | | < 1% |  |
| CAS-No.: 67-63-0 | EC No.: 200-661-7 |  | |  |  |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)  Flam. Liq. 2 - H225  Eye Irrit. 2 - H319  STOT SE 3 - H336 |  | Classification (67/548/EEC)  F;R11  Xi;R36  R67 | |  | |
| PROPANE |  |  | 10-30% | |  |
| CAS-No.: 74-98-6 | EC No.: 200-827-9 |  |  | |  |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008)  Flam. Gas 1 - H220 |  | Classification (67/548/EEC)  F+;R12 |  | | |

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Skin contact

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1. Control parameters

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Name | STD | TWA - 8 Hrs | | STEL - 15 Min | | Notes |
|  | BUTANE | WEL | 600 ppm | 1450 mg/m3 | 750 ppm | 1810 mg/m3 |  |
| ISOBUTANE | WEL | 800 ppm |  | 800 ppm |  |  |
| NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) , HYDROTREATED  LIGHT |  |  | 1200 mg/m3 | 60 ppm | 216 mg/m3 |  |
| PROPAN-2-OL | WEL | 400 ppm | 999 mg/m3 | 500 ppm | 1250 mg/m3 |  |
| PROPANE |  | Asphyxiating | Asphyxiating. | Asphyxiating | Asphyxiating. |  |

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

# 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Engineering measures

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge. Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

Eye protection

Use approved safety goggles or face shield. Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Appearance | Aerosol. |
| Colour | Typical |
| Odour | Characteristic. |
| Flammability Limit - Lower(%) | 0.8 |
| Flammability Limit - Upper(%) | 9.0 |

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

10.5. Incompatible materials

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema. May cause allergic contact eczema. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact

Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.

Route of entry

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name AEROSOLS

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ADR/RID/ADN Class | 2 |
| ADR/RID/ADN Class | Class 2: Gases |
| ADR Label No. | 2.1 |
| IMDG Class | 2.1 |
| ICAO Class/Division  Transport Labels | 2.1 |

**F**

**L**

**A**

**M**

**M**

**A**

**B**

**L**

**E**

**G**

**A**

**S**

**2**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 14.4. Packing group |  |
| ADR/RID/ADN Packing group | Not Applicable |
| IMDG Packing group | Not Applicable |
| ICAO Packing group | Not Applicable |

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-D, S-U

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

Statutory Instruments

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

Approved Code Of Practice

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

Guidance Notes

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

# 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Revision Date | 15/05/2015 |
| Revision | 4 |
| Supersedes date Risk Phrases In Full | 13/09/2012 |
| R12 | Extremely flammable. |
| R65 | Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. |
| R11 | Highly flammable |
| R36 | Irritating to eyes. |
| R38 | Irritating to skin. |
| R51/53 | Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |
| R67  Hazard Statements In Full | Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. |
| H220 | Extremely flammable gas. |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |